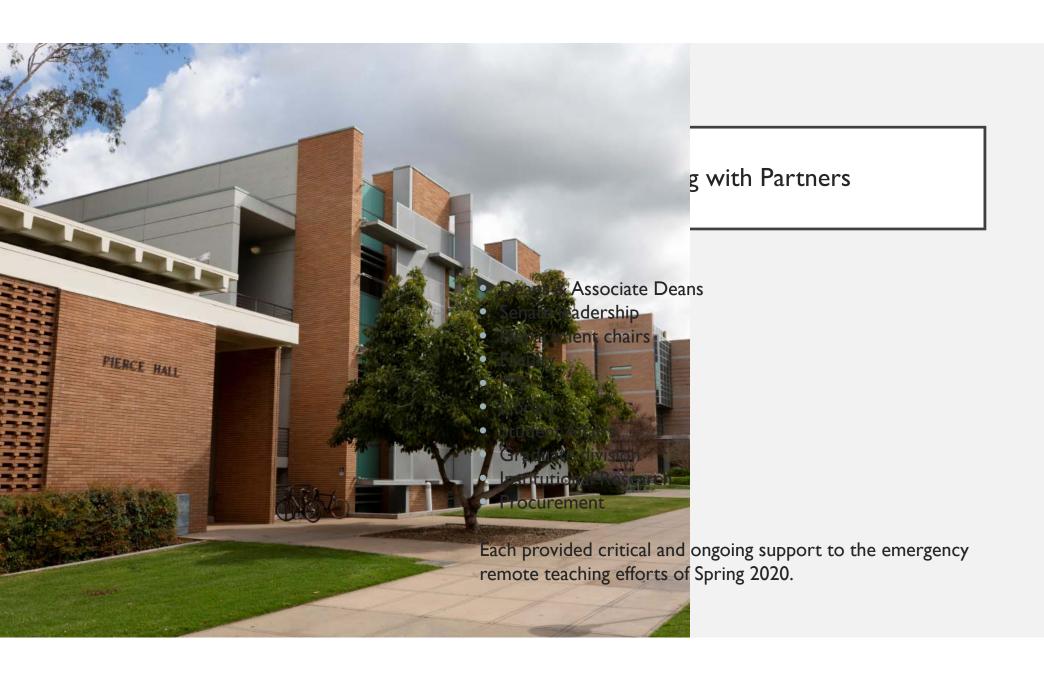
Jennifer Brown, VPDUE August 11, 2020

# EMERGENCY REMOTE TEACHING RETROSPECTIVE

### **Undergraduate Education's Core Goal**

Working with partners to improve retention and graduation

Hub of collaboration and innovation



# EVALUATING IMPACT

### Data sources

- Faculty survey distributed via associate deans
- University of California Undergraduate Experience Survey (provisional)
- Engagement through UE and partner groups



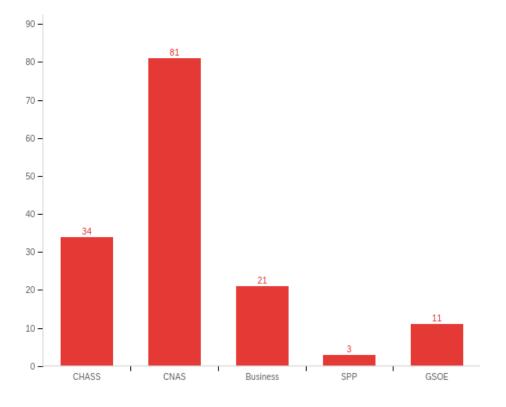
y Experience

# FACULTY RESPONSES

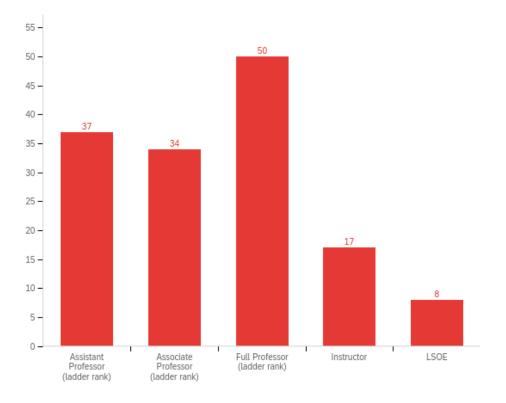
## Campus Survey

- Distributed via associate deans
- 187 response
- 89% teaching in spring
- 90% indicated college
   Affiliation

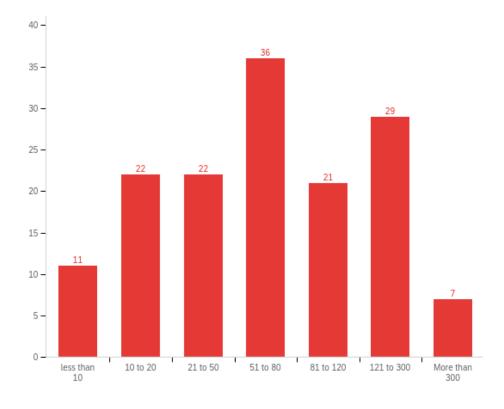
What college/school do you work in (majority of your time):



What is your present academic position?

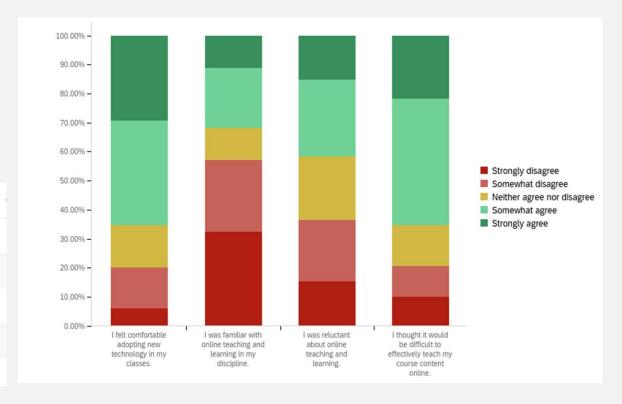


What was the enrollment for this course?



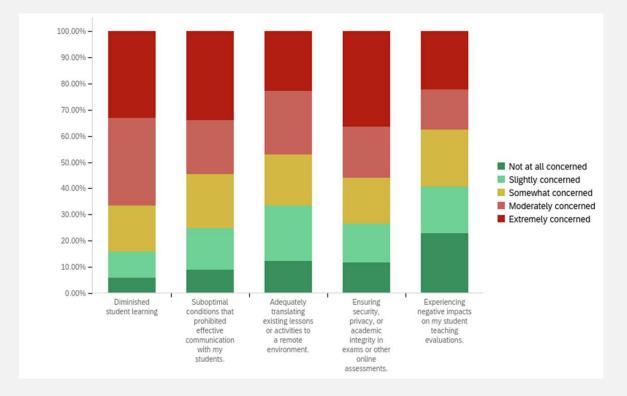
# The following items pertain to your experience before the transition to remote instruction.

#	Field	Mean
1	I felt comfortable adopting new technology in my classes.	3.68
4	I thought it would be difficult to effectively teach my course content online.	3.56
3	I was reluctant about online teaching and learning.	3.05
2	I was familiar with online teaching and learning in my discipline.	2.54

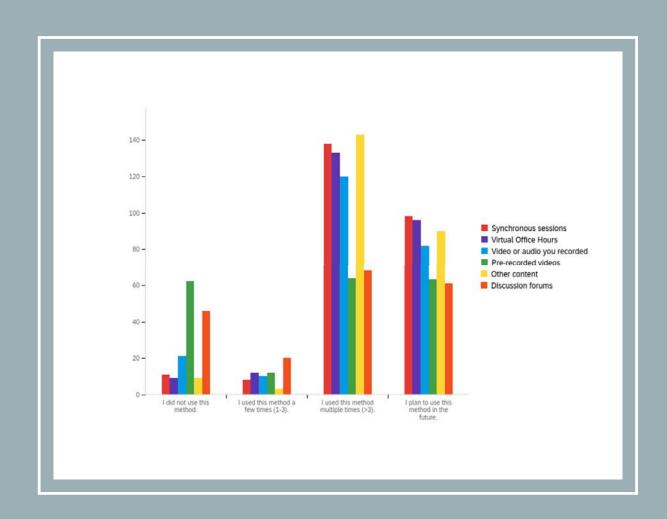


# Please indicate your level of concern regarding the following aspects of the transition to remote instruction during spring 2020.

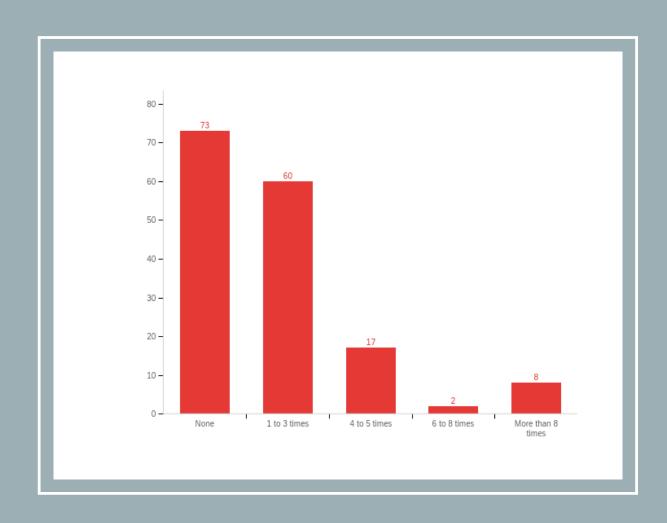
#	Field	Mean	Count
1	Diminished student learning	3.70	167
3	Suboptimal conditions that prohibited effective communication with my students.	3.52	168
6	Ensuring security, privacy, or academic integrity in exams or other online assessments.	3.49	168
5	Adequately translating existing lessons or activities to a remote environment.	3.16	168
11	Experiencing negative impacts on my student teaching evaluations.	2.87	168
12	Experiencing negative impacts on the merit and promotion process.	2.82	167
9	Posting materials online which might be copied and shared on the internet.	2.82	167
2	Changes to grading structure (e.g., S/NC changes, withdraw deadline changes).	2.71	168
7	Maintaining ownership of the class materials I post online.	2.68	168
10	$\label{thm:managing} \mbox{Managing inappropriate online student behavior (e.g., "Zoombombing")}.$	2.61	168
8	Recording videos with my students from the privacy of my own home.	2.36	168
4	My own comfort with online applications/tools.	2.29	167



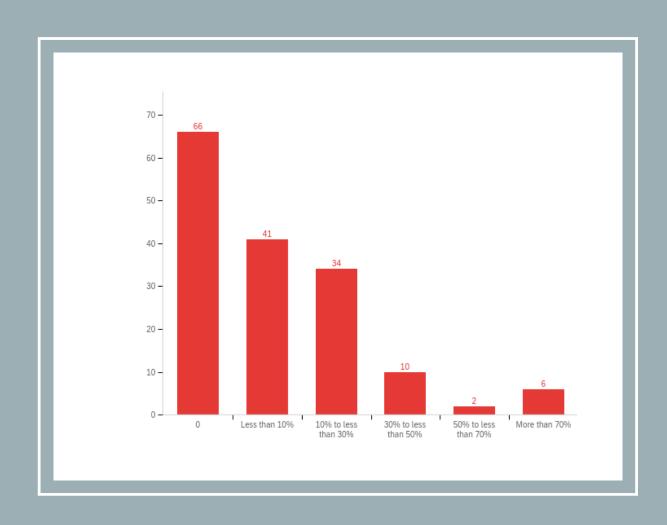
For spring 2020 courses that you taught remotely, please indicate which instructional methods you have used, how they worked, and what you will use in the future.



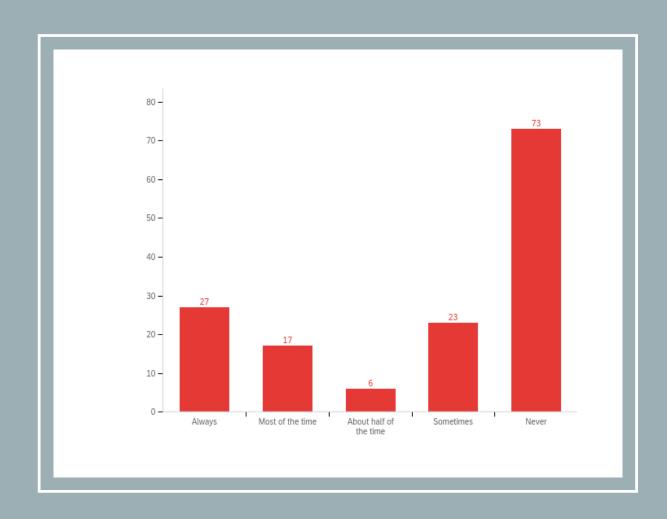
Number of times in a typical class you poll students to check for understanding (using Zoom poll, Poll Everywhere, or similar).



Fraction of class time students are in small group discussions or problem-solving in Zoom breakout rooms (or similar technology)

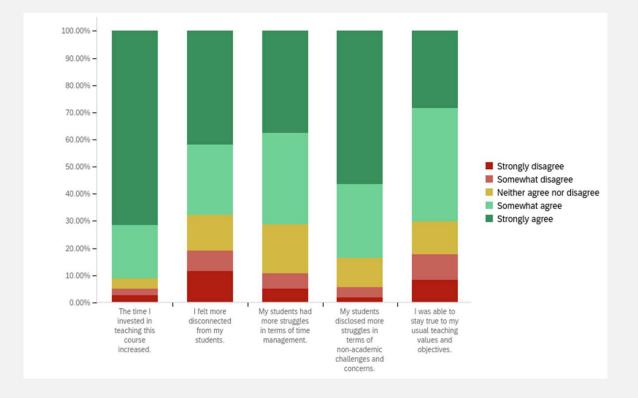


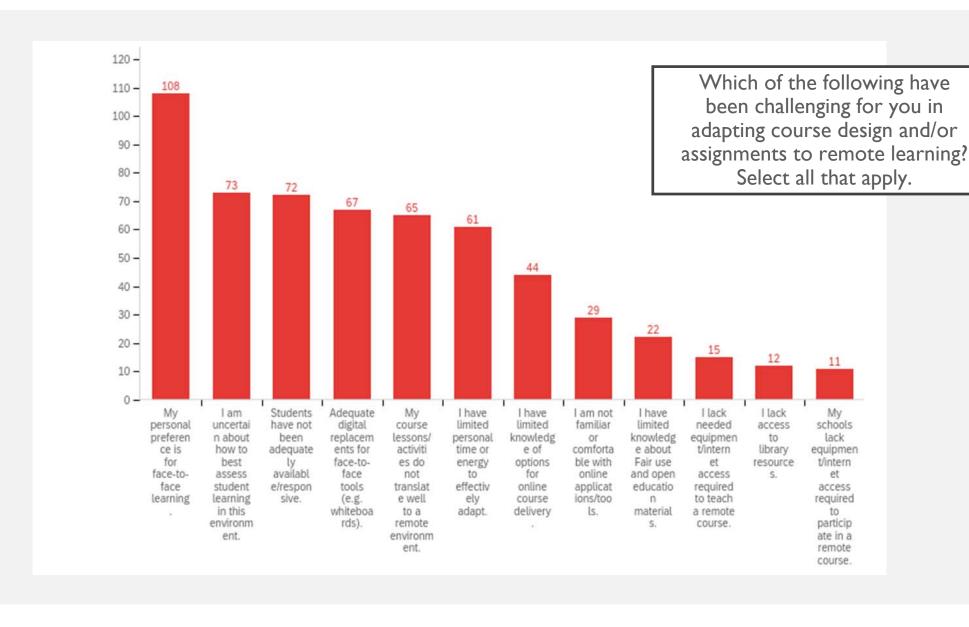
How often did TAs support online class sessions by monitoring and responding to student questions posted in chat box or other question-asking formats including breakout rooms?

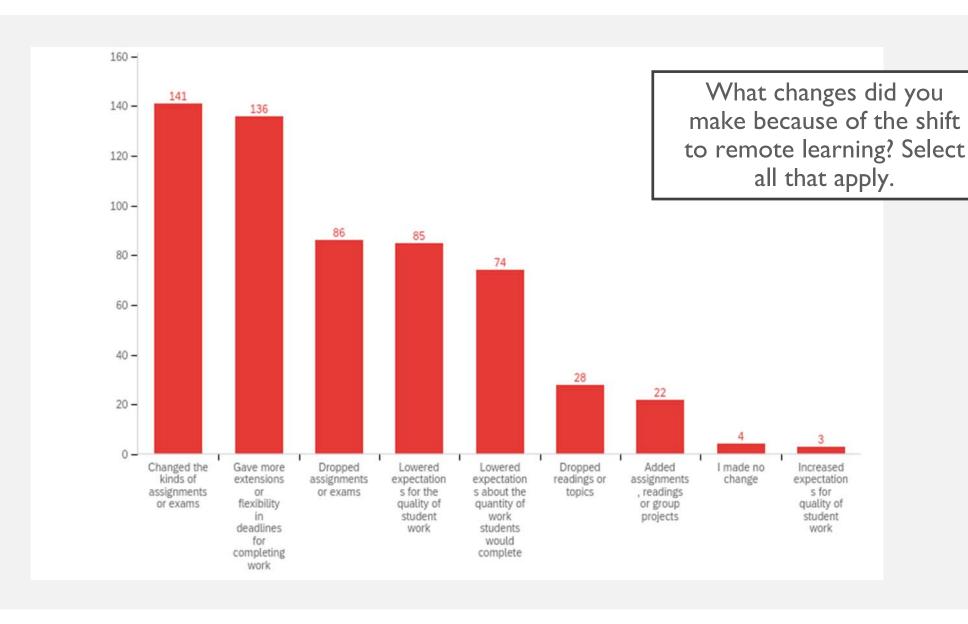


# Please indicate your level of agreement with the following statements about the transition of your course(s) to remote instruction during the spring 2020 semester.

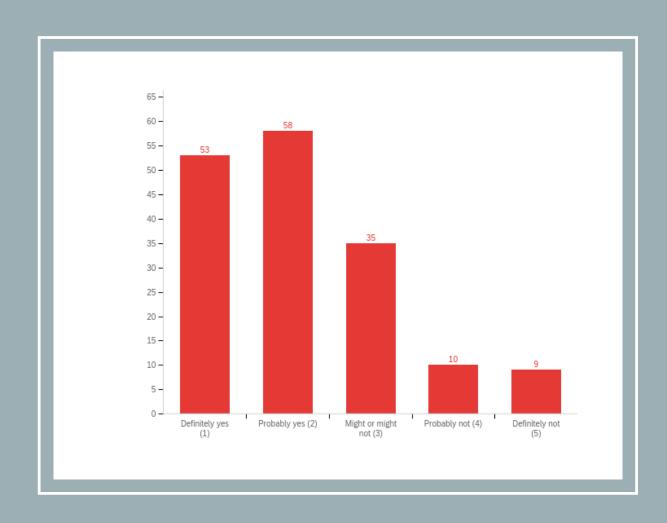
#	Field	Mean	Count
1	The time I invested in teaching this course increased.	4.55	158
9	My students disclosed more struggles in terms of non-academic challenges and concerns.	4.32	158
5	My students had more struggles in terms of time management.	3.93	157
4	I felt more disconnected from my students.	3.79	158
12	I was able to stay true to my usual teaching values and objectives.	3.73	158
13	I am now comfortable teaching this course online.	3.61	158
6	My students had more struggles in terms of accessing and using required technologies.	3.57	157
14	I would prefer not to have teach this course online in the future.	3.51	153
8	My students achieved the original course learning outcomes.	3.51	156
2	I was able to maintain good track of how my students were doing.	3.39	158
11	My students received a lower quality learning experience.	3.26	158
7	My students had more struggles in terms of understanding and applying the material.	3.20	158
3	I was able to maintain a sufficient level of interpersonal interaction with students (using Zoom or other tools).	2.95	158
10	I think students committed more academic misconduct.	2.87	158
15	I feel the time and effort I spent teaching this quarter will be valued in merits and promotions.	2.63	157







Did students receive the original course learning outcomes of your course given the changes made to accommodate remote instruction?



If you believe the course learning outcomes were changed, what would have helped to achieve the original course learning outcomes with a remote format?



LAB/FIELDWORK ONLINE



STUDENT TECHNOLOGY ACCESS



SYNCHRONOUS ATTENDANCE



**UNSURE** 

The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic have been different for different groups of people. What issues of equity and inclusion have you become more aware of with the shift to remote teaching?

How did/will this impact your teaching?







BLACK LIVES MATTER



HOME OR LIFE CHALLENGES



BRING EMPATHY

What type of resources can XCITE offer that will help with remote teaching for the summer or fall term?



MORE WORKSHOPS



TA TRAINING AND SUPPORT



FACILITATE COLLABORATION



TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS



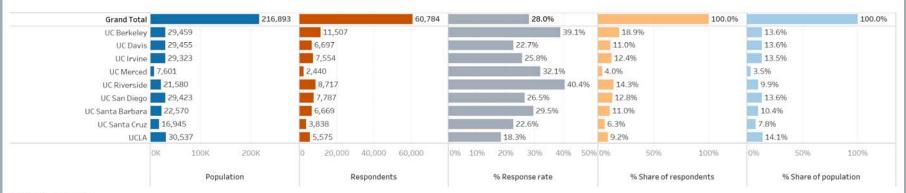
# UCUES COVID19 DASHBOARD - VPDUES

File created on: 7/27/2020 12:34:28 PM

#### Respondent profile

#### Record Date

3/10/2020 to 7/13/2020

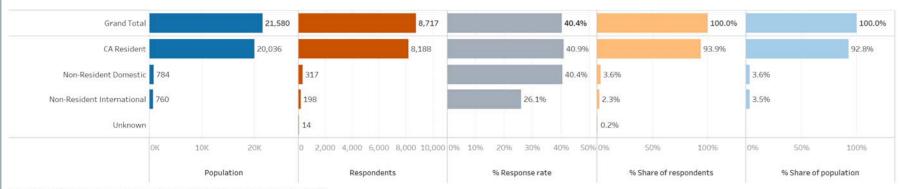


#### Student characteristics

Residency

#### Campus

UC Riverside

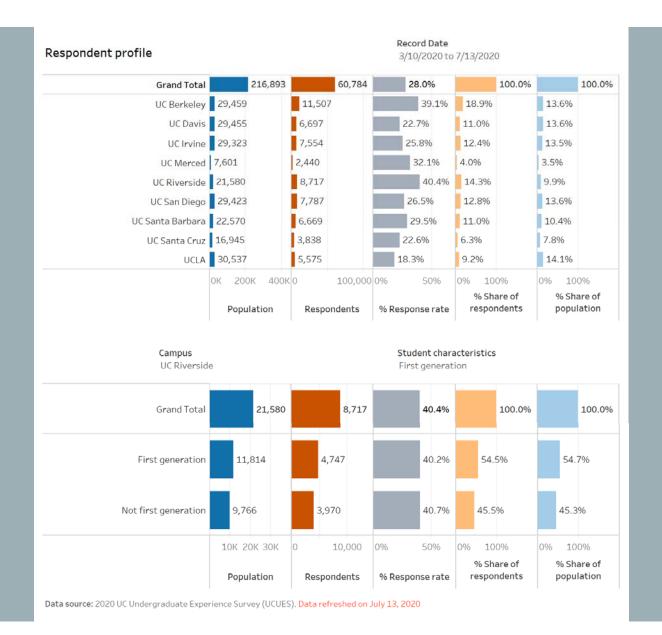


Data source: 2020 UC Undergraduate Experience Survey (UCUES). Data refreshed on July 13, 2020

### UCUES STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS

- Residency
- Ethnicity
- Gender
- Age Group
- First Generation

- Pell
- Discipline
- Student Level
- Application Type
- Family Care Responsibility



How concerned are you about the possible effects of COVID-19 on your learning in the following ways?

Student characteristics

Ethnicity

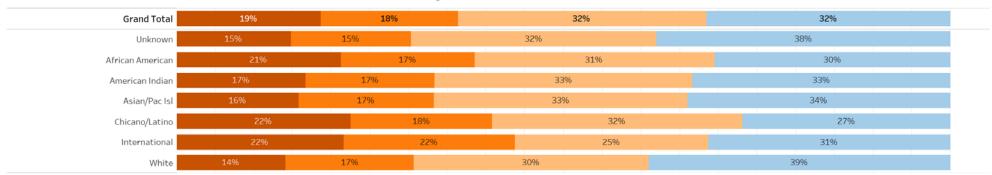
Learning factor

Having reliable access to the Internet

Campus

UC Riverside

#### Having reliable access to the Internet

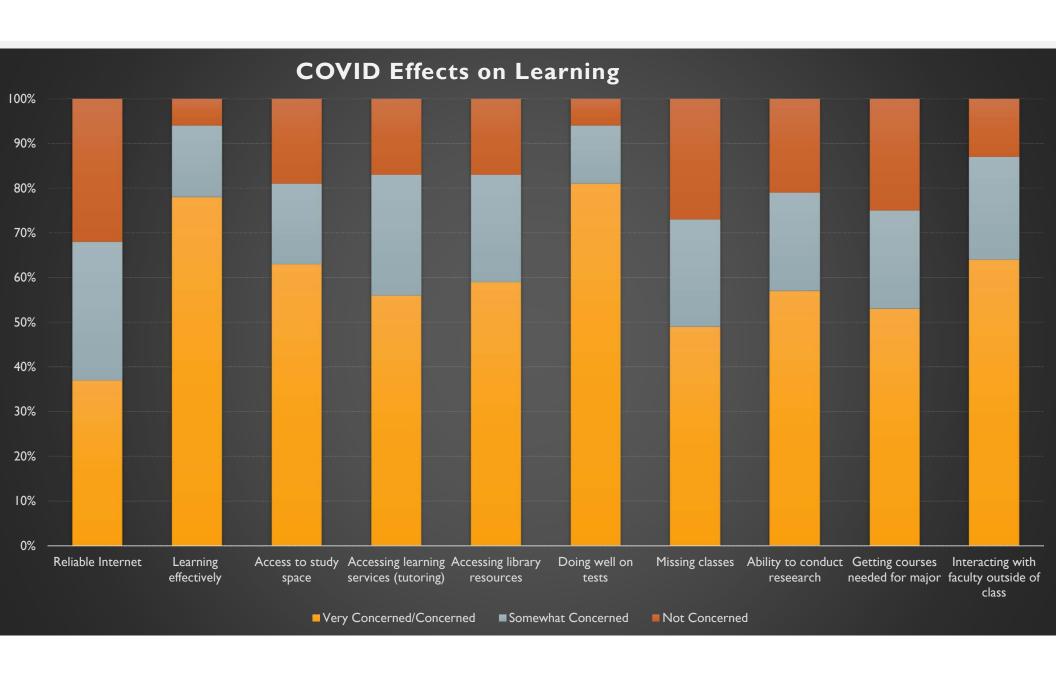


Not concerned
Somewhat concerned
Concerned

Very concerned

Number of respondents % Respondents % share of weighted respondents Very concerned 1,613 18.6% 18.5% 1,540 17.8% 17.7% Concerned 2,773 32.0% 31.8% Somewhat concerned Not concerned 2,736 31.6% 32.0% **Grand Total** 8,662 100.0% 100.0%

Data source: 2020 UC Undergraduate Experience Survey (UCUES). Data refreshed on July 13, 2020



### DIFFERENCES IN EFFECTS ON LEARNING

- Age 51 to 60
  - Accessing learning support services (tutoring) (+26 percentage points)
  - Reliable access (+10)
  - Doing well on tests (+11)
  - Interacting with faculty outside of class (+11)
- Pell
  - Accessing library (+5)
  - Study spaces (+6)
- Ist Gen
  - Study spaces (+5)
- Family care responsibilities
  - (+5 or more on every category)

#### How concerned are you about the possible effects of COVID-19 on you in the following ways?

#### Student characteristics

Ethnicity

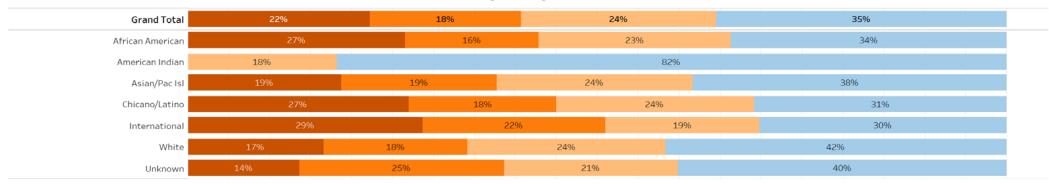
#### Possible effect

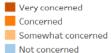
Not graduating on time

#### Campus

UC Riverside

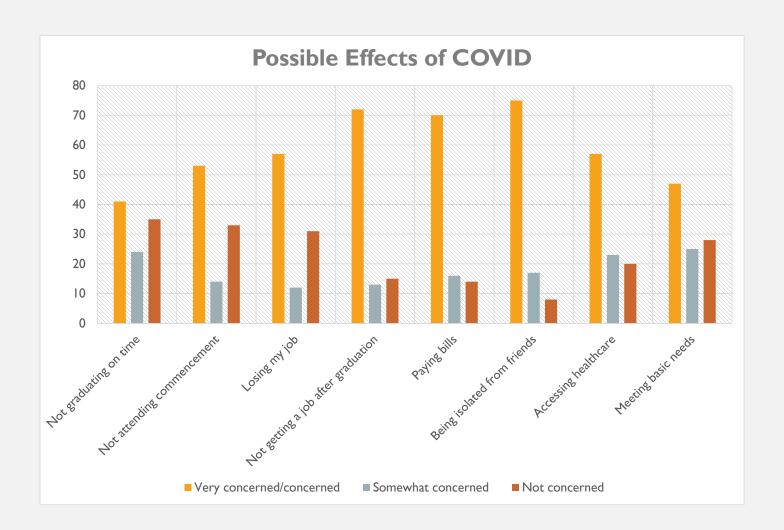
#### Not graduating on time





	Number of respondents	% Share of respondents	% share of weighted respondents
Very concerned	1,846	22.2%	22.2%
Concerned	1,534	18.5%	18.6%
Somewhat concerned	1,980	23.8%	23.8%
Not concerned	2,946	35.5%	35.4%
Grand Total	8,306	100.0%	100.0%

Data source: 2020 UC Undergraduate Experience Survey (UCUES). Data refreshed on July 13, 2020



### DIFFERENCES BASED ON COVID

- Family care provider and Pell (+5 points or higher on each item)
- Ist Gen (+5)
  - Paying bills
  - Meeting basic needs

#### Student feedback on remote learning experience during the COVID-19 pandemic

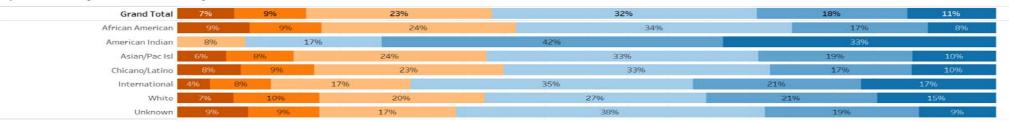
Student characteristics

Ethnicity

Ecimicity

Campus UC Riverside

My confidence using tools for remote learning is



Very Low

Low

Somewhat Low

Somewhat High

High

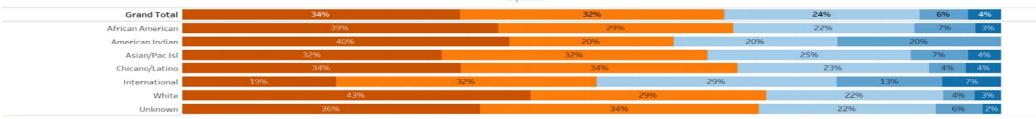
Very High

Compared to in-person classes, how much have you learned from the following methods of remote instruction?

Method of remote instruction

My labs

My labs



Much Less

Less

About the Same

More
Much More

Data source: 2020 UC Undergraduate Experience Survey (UCUES). Data refreshed on July 13, 2020

### **CONFIDENCE IN REMOTE**

- Differences by:
  - Ethnicity (American Indian +22, International +6)
  - Age 29% (very high/high)
    - 11% very high
      - 51 to 60 (+33)
      - Surprisingly 21 to 25 lowest in very high category (-2 points)

# COMPARED TO IN-PERSON CLASSES, HOW MUCH HAVE YOU LEARNED...

- Recorded remote 51%
  - By ethnicity (+6 African American)
- Live remote- 52%
  - By ethnicity (+7 American Indian)
- My labs 66%
  - By ethnicity (+6 American Indian, +9 White)
- Performance/studio classes 64%
  - By ethnicity (American Indian +19)

<sup>\*</sup> Percentage are totals of much less/less categories.

#### Student feedback on remote learning concerns and quality

Campus

**UC** Riverside

Student characteristics Ethnicity

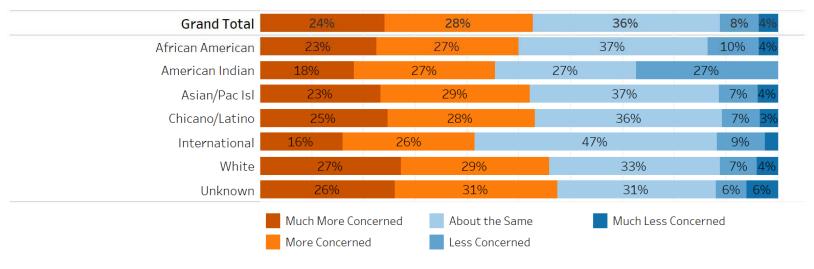
Compared to in-person classes, how concerned have you been about the following aspects of remote instruction?

Remote instruction concern

The fairness of the tests I took

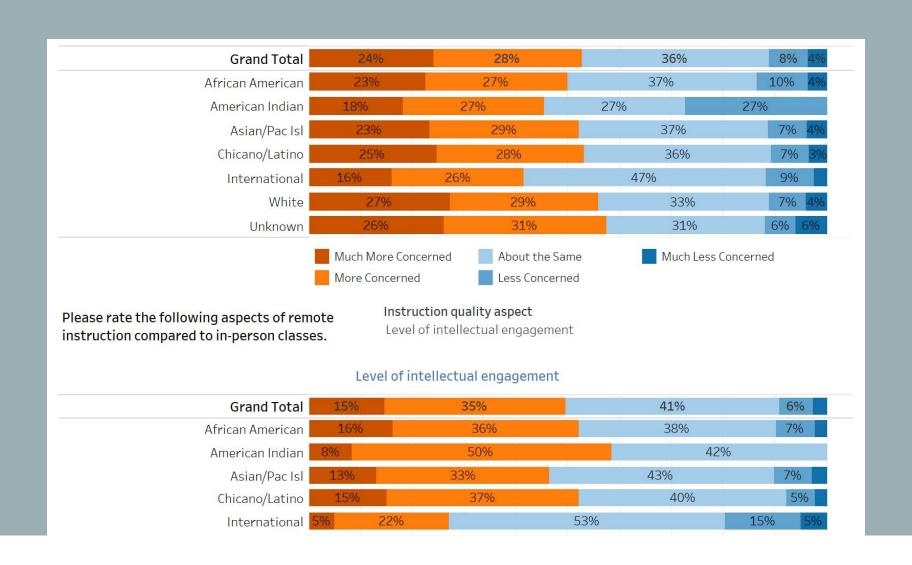
Academic dishonesty (e.g., cheating) on tests and homework assignments

#### The fairness of the tests I took



Please rate the following aspects of remote instruction compared to in-person classes.

Instruction quality aspect
Level of intellectual engagement



### REMOTE INSTRUCTION QUALITY

- Fairness of tests
  - More students concerned (52%)
  - 36% of students felt tests were about the same
  - Age Group (+33 point difference in much worse)
- Academic Dishonesty
  - 45% of students thought academic dishonesty was about the same
  - 40% thought it was much worse or worse
  - American Indian (+28 difference in much worse)
  - By discipline, (+6 Eng, +8 Life Sciences, +5 Physical Sciences- much worse)

<sup>\*</sup> Percentage are totals of much worse/worse categories.

# PLEASE RATE THE ASPECTS OF REMOTE COMPARED TO IN-PERSON INSTRUCTION

- Quality of interaction with faculty 58%
- Amount of interaction with faculty- 58%
  - Age group 51 to 64 (+24 in much worse)
- Quality of interaction with TAs 47%
  - American Indian (+18), 51 to 60 (much worse +45 only- then same)
- Amount of interaction with TAs 49%
- Quality of interactions with other students 69%

<sup>\*</sup> Percentages are totals of much worse/worse categories

# PLEASE RATE THE ASPECTS OF REMOTE COMPARED TO IN-PERSON INSTRUCTION

- Amount of interaction with other students 72%
- Quality of feedback in courses 39%
- Timeliness on course 32%
- Communication about course expectations- 31%
- Level of intellectual engagement 50%
- Feelings of loneliness- 68%

<sup>\*</sup> Percentages are totals of much worse/worse categories

#### Student feedback on their remote learning experience

Campus Student characteristics

UC Riverside Ethnicity

Please select your level of agreement or disagreement with the following statements.

Remote learning is harder than learning in person.

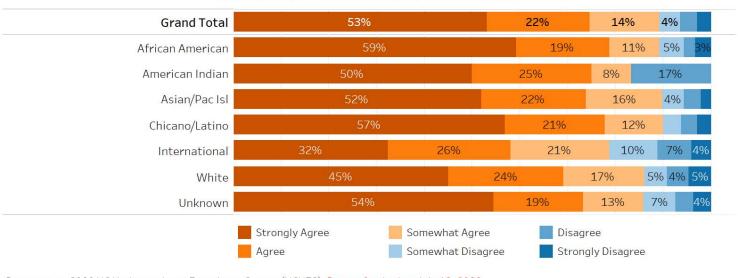
My remote learning experience in this period is worse than previous online learning experiences that I have had.

My remote learning experience would have been better if the transition to remote learning had been less rushed.

I miss having access to on-campus social and cultural events.

I miss having access to on-campus resource centers.

#### I miss having access to on-campus resource centers.



Data source: 2020 UC Undergraduate Experience Survey (UCUES). Data refreshed on July 13, 2020

### STUDENT FEEDBACK ON REMOTE LEARNING

- Majority of students thought remote learning was harder than in person learning (66%)
  - International students (-14-point difference)
  - Family responsibility (+6 difference)
- 47% of students thought spring term's remote was worse than previous online experiences
- 44% of students thought their remote learning experience would have been better if spring term wasn't rushed

### STUDENT FEEDBACK ON REMOTE

- Students strongly agreed or agreed (42%) they missed access to on campus social on campus resources and cultural events
  - American Indian (-20 point difference); African-American (+8 difference)
- Students miss access to on campus resources (75%)
  - International students (-19 percentage point difference)